## MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF GREATER MUMBAI

Report of Technical Investigation Committee regarding the collapse of Compound wall at Malad Hill Reservoir on 2.7.2019.

To,

Hon. MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF GREATER MUMBAI MAHAPALIKA MARG, MUMBAI – 400 001.

BY

THE TECHNICAL INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE

PROF. G.B.CHAUDHARI RETIRED VJTI SHRI R.B.BAMBALE EX.D.M.C.(S.E.), MCGM

SHRI P.R.K.MURTHY DIRECTOR METRO MMRDA

SHRI PRAVIN KIDE ENGINEER IN CHIEF, MMRDA

PROF. DR. DASAKA S.MURTY
IIT BOMBAY

PROF. DR. ARGHADEEP LASKAR IIT BOMBAY

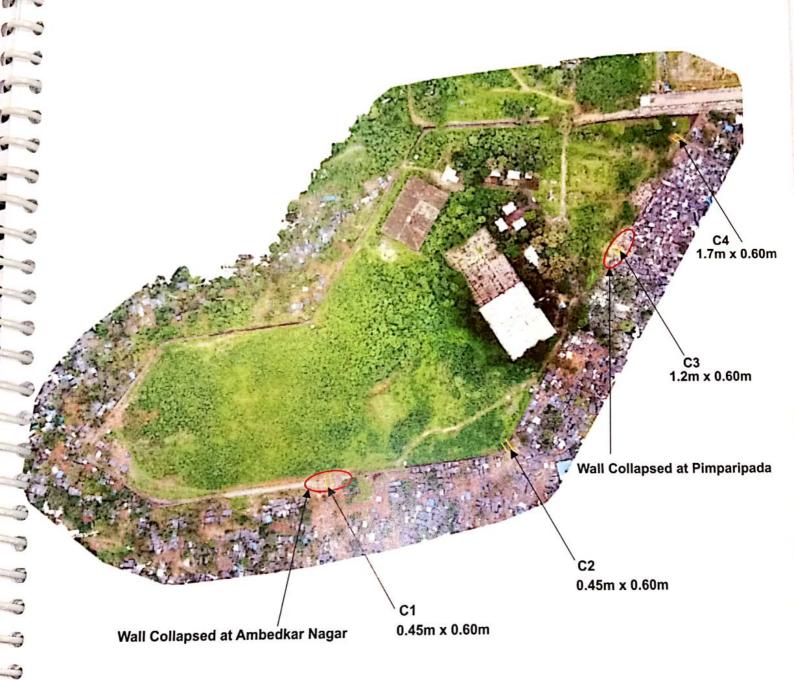
PROF. DR. JAYADIPTA GHOSH IIT BOMBAY SHRI S.M.BAPAT EX. DY.H.E.(CONST.) MCGM

SHRI A.S.TAWADIA DMC(SE) & CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE

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#### Layout Plan of Malad Hill Reservoir



- 1. Total length of Compound wall 2150 mtrs.
- 2. Size of Side Drain 0.3m x 0.6m
- 3. Four Numbers of cross Drains (C1,C2,C3,C4)

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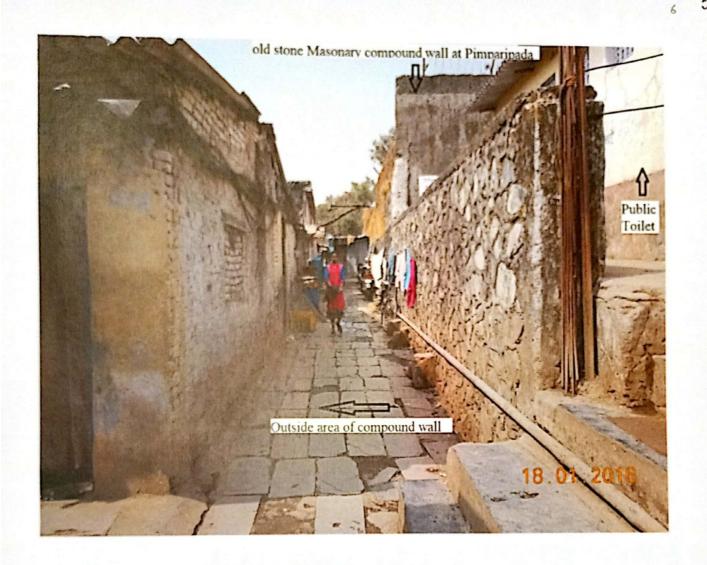
#### 1.PREAMBLE

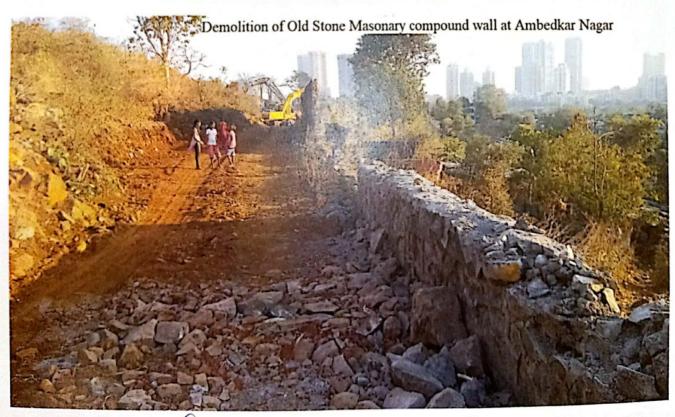
Malad Hill Reservoir is one of the service reservoirs of Mumbai, which mainly caters to the area of Goregaon (East), Malad (East) and Kandivali (East). There was an existing stone masonry compound wall along the periphery of the reservoir plot. This wall was breached at many places by the local hutment dwellers, thereby posing a security threat to this important installation, i.e. Malad Hill water reservoir.

An earlier communication was received from Additional Commissioner of Police, Protection and Security, Mumbai dated 4.4.2014 to construct 10 feet (3.0 m) high compound wall with barbed wire fencing over it to safeguard the Malad Hill Reservoir premises.

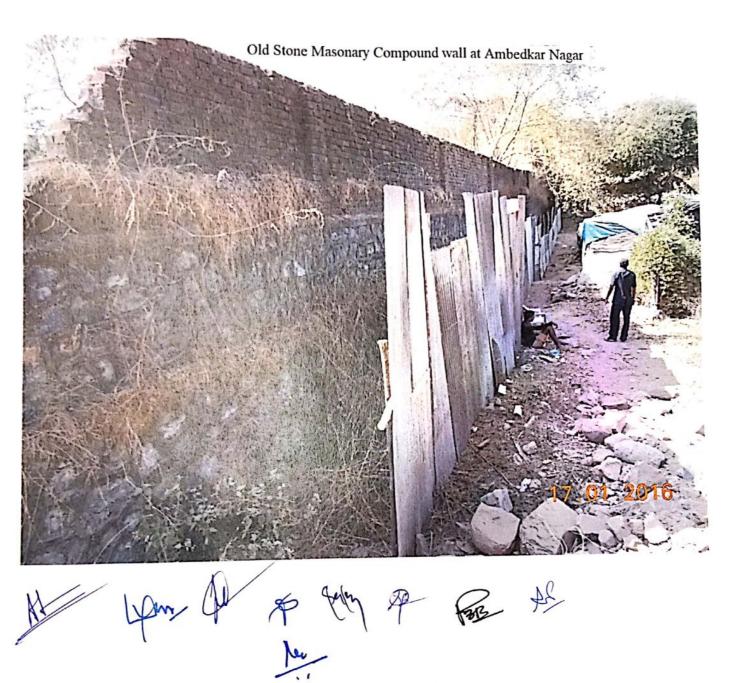
Accordingly, the H.E. department had proposed to construct R.C.C. compound wall of 3.3 m (11 feet) height with barbed wire fencing above the wall in the year 2015. The work of construction of R.C.C. compound wall was started in December 2015 and completed in 2017.

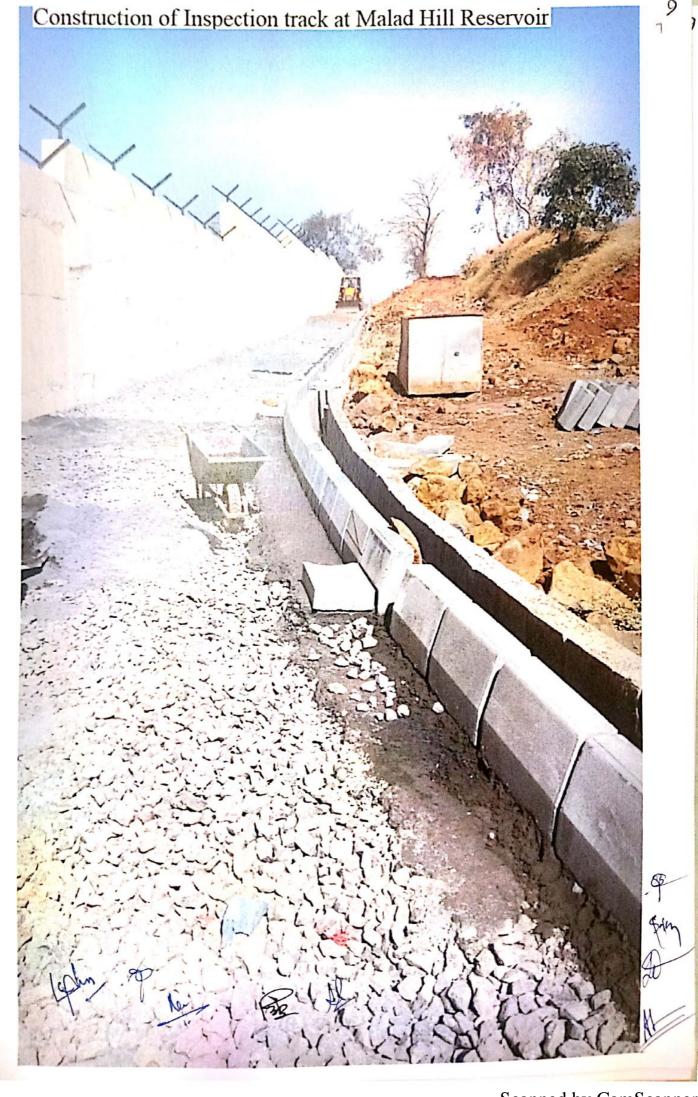
Some of the relevant photographs of old stone masonry compound wall and the photographs during the construction of R.C.C compound wall are attached at page 5-13.





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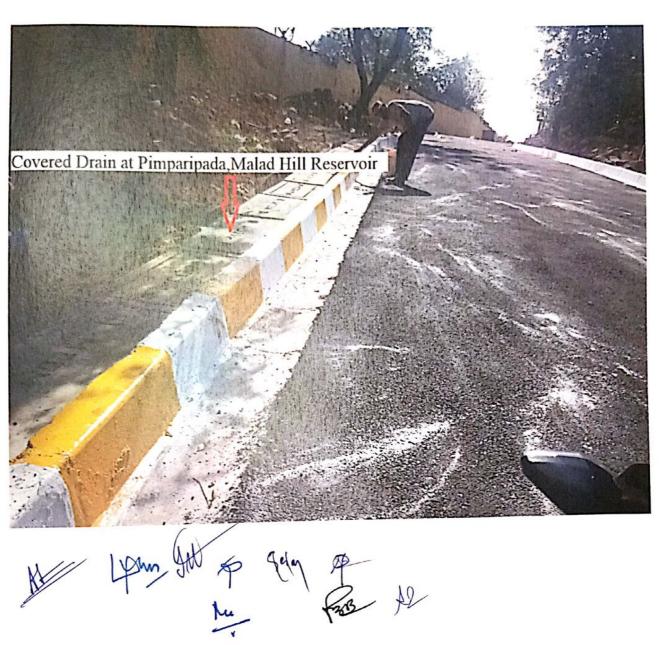


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# 2. COLLAPSE OF COMPOUND WALL AND

## FORMATION OF TECHNICAL INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE

The area of Malad Hill Reservoir witnessed continuous rainfall from 26.6.2019 to 2.7.2019 and particularly heavy rains on 1.7.2019 and 2.7.2019. As per the data received from Disaster Management Cell of MCGM, the total rainfall recorded for 24 hours is 479.56 mm from 8.00 a.m. on 1.7.2019 to 8.00 a.m. on 2.7.2019. The hourly rainfall recorded from 23.00 hrs to 00.00 hrs midnight on 1.7.2019 was 67.82 mm and 63.26 mm for the period from 00.00 hrs to 01.00 hrs on 2.7.2019.

As per the information received from Fire Brigade Department, the compound wall was reported to have suddenly collapsed at the two locations i.e.

- a) Ambedkar Nagar at 1.01 a.m. on 2.7.2019 and
- b) Pimparipada at 1.40 a.m. on 2.7.2019

An occurrence report was submitted by Ex.Engineer (Civil) Maint./ Deputy Hydraulic Engineer (Maint.) on 02.07.2019 informing about the occurrence of the incident to Hydraulic Engineer /DMC(SE) /Hon.AMC (P) and Hon.M.C.

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As per the direction of Hon. M.C., vide No. MGC/F/9638 dated 4.7.2019, a Technical Investigation Committee was constituted to ascertain the causes of collapse of the said compound wall. This Committee comprises of experts from IIT Bombay, Retd. Professor from VJTI, Officers from MMRDA and retired Officers from Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai's Hydraulic Engineer Department.

The Committee comprises of the following members:-

- 1. Shri A.S.Tawadia, Chairman and DMC(SE) MCGM
- 2. Prof. G.B.Chaudhari, Retired VJTI.
- 3. Shri R.B.Bambale, EX.D.M.C.(S.E.), MCGM
- 4. Shri P.R.K.Murthy, Director Metro, MMRDA
- 5. Shri Pravin Kide, Engineer in Chief, MMRDA
- 6. Prof. Dr. Dasaka S.Murty, IIT Bombay
- 7. Prof. Dr. Arghadeep Laskar, IIT Bombay
- 8. Prof. Dr. Jayadipta Ghosh, IIT Bombay
- 9. Shri S.M.Bapat, EX.Dy.H.E.(Const.), MCGM

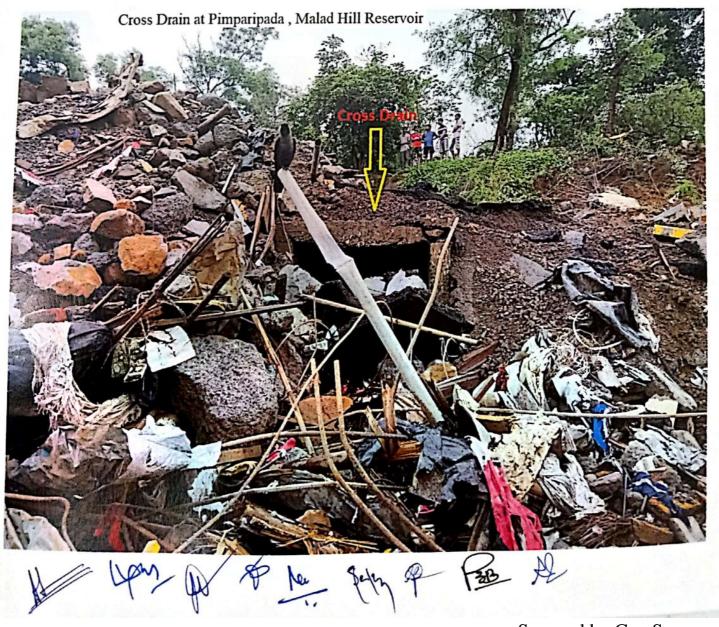
This Committee had conducted its investigation under the chairmanship of DMC (SE) Shri A.S.Tawadia. The scope of the Committee was to find out the causes of collapse of said compound wall.

Some of the relevant photographs and print media report are attached at page 19-29.



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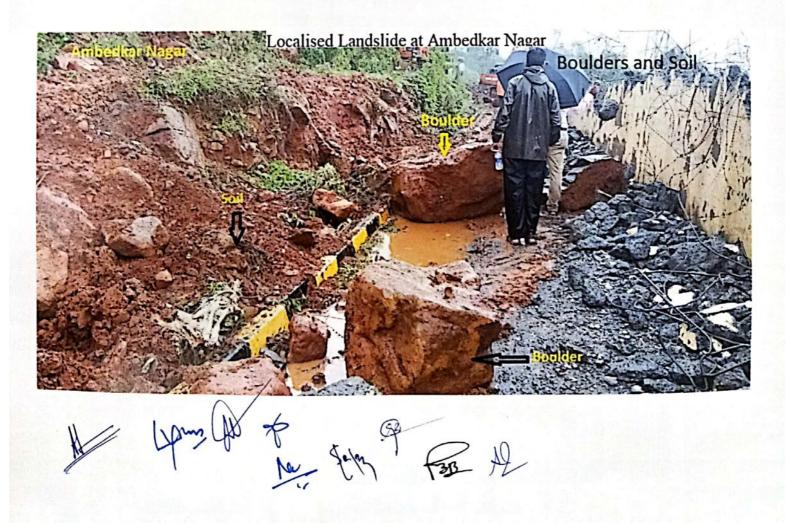






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The City dated 10/07/2019

## INDEPENDENT COMMITTEE REPORT ON WALL COLLAPSE

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## 'HC told BMC in 1997 to relocate Kurar slum dwellers from forest land'

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COSENING. THAT the EMC has delayed rehabilitation of fersions of the control of t



On July 2, a part of the 2.3-km boundary wall of BMCs Malad Hall reservoir had collapsed on the slum dwellers at Pimpri Pada and Ambedkar Nagar areas, killing 29 and injuring 132 people. He

asphalt, which was most likely clogged by the vegretation that was washed away and carried by the floor." As a fact of the floor is a fact of containing effections with or lemposary shelter provided by the BMC veen a week after the challenge. The report endeated that those affected have lost their benefits and students are farred to mass school and each endeated that those affected have lost their lost and students are faired to mass school and each endeated.

#### CUSTODY BATTLE FOR 8-YEAR-OLD

office to claim her custody. Priya is entitled to Rs 50 lakh as compensation from both the state and the BMC following the deaths of her parents and three statings (officials said the amount will be transitive to her when she turns 21. Meanwhile, interest will regularly be paid to support her education. Bits

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#### 3. INVESTIGATION METHODOLOGY

The Technical Investigation Committee conducted its first site visit and meeting on 07.07.2019. During the meeting, the Committee decided to carry out the investigation in the following manner:-

- 1) To study the documents / test reports relevant to the work of compound wall.
- 2) To obtain the rainfall data from Disaster Management Cell of MCGM.
- 3) To obtain satellite images of the premises from National Remote Sensing Centre, Hyderabad to ascertain the status of accumulation of water near the wall sections just before their collapse.
- 4) To expose the foundation to ascertain if there was any evidence of scouring beneath the foundation of wall.
- 5) To extract cores from the RCC compound wall to ascertain the quality of the work and to test the cores either in Material Testing Laboratory of MCGM or in any prestigious Educational Institutions, such as VJTI or IIT Bombay.

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- 6) To carry out a Drone Survey of the entire plot to obtain the contour of the plot and to ascertain the catchment area.
- 7) To review various designs / calculations as submitted by the consultant appointed for the work.
- 8) To have more site visits, if required.

Some of the relevant photographs are attached at page 35-45.

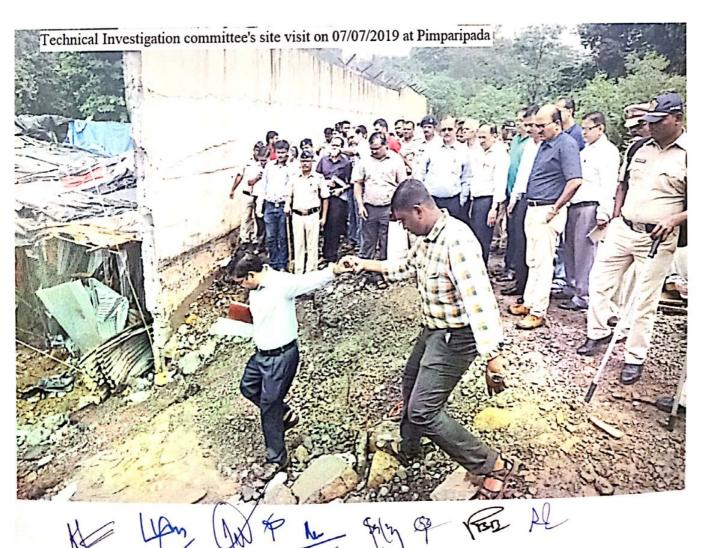
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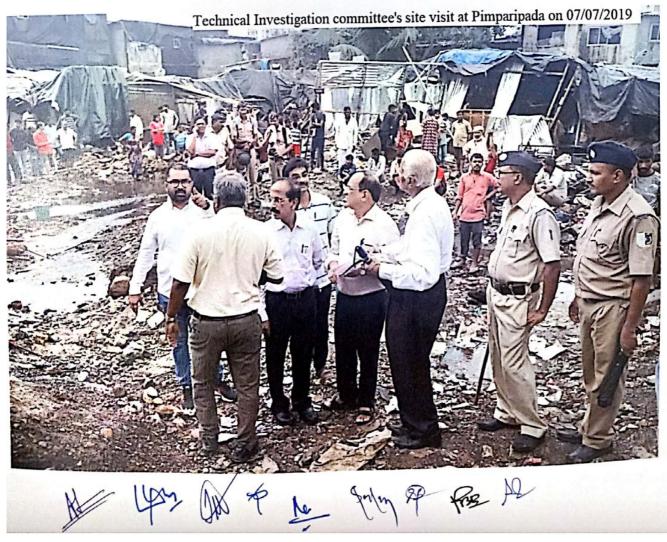


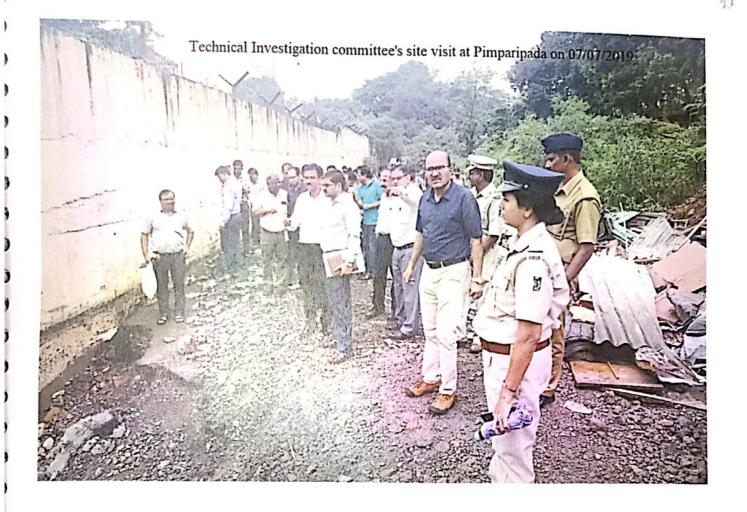
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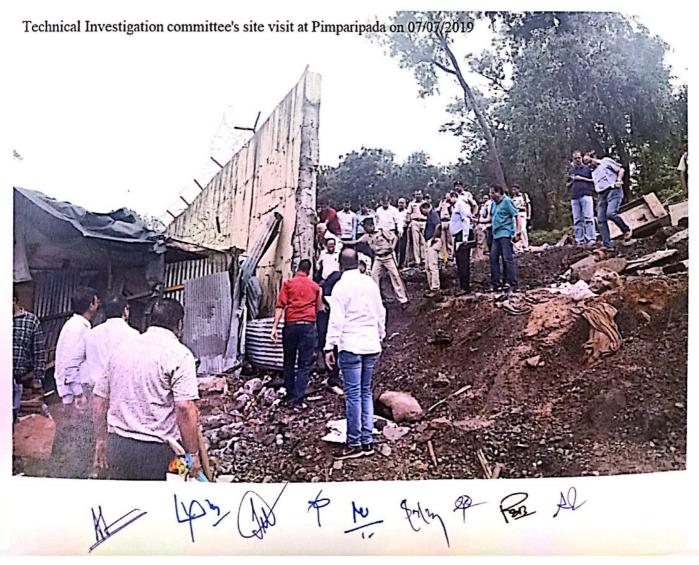




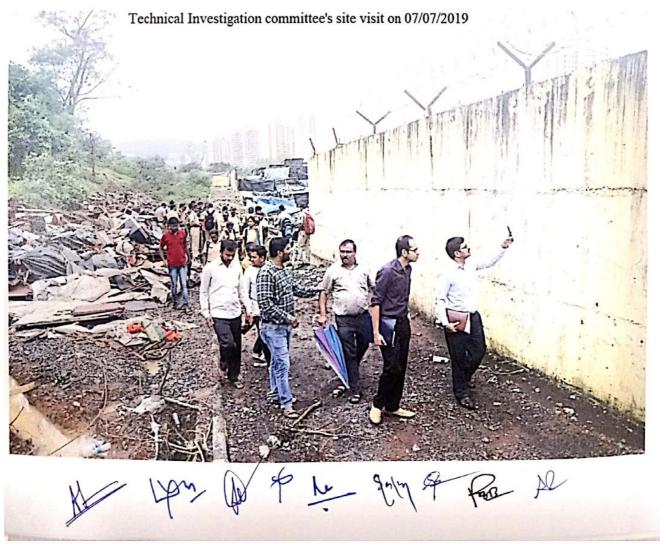


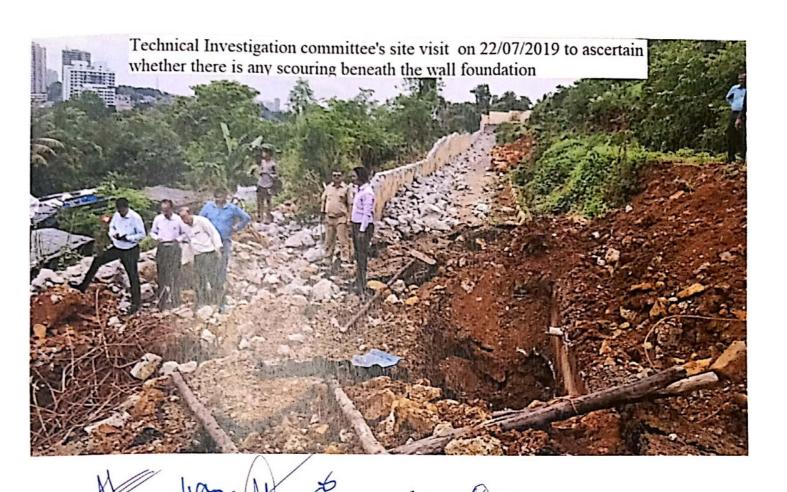












#### 4. Field work & material sample collection

The Technical Investigation Committee visited the site on three occasions.

The first site visit was arranged on 7.7.2019 and it was an exhaustive visit. The members inspected both the locations of collapse of wall and the site constraints, etc. and observed the following:-

- a. The pattern of failure of wall.
- b. The partial blockage of storm water drains provided along the inspection track, due to localised land sliding.
- c. The condition and size of drains provided at site
- d. The provided weep holes were found to be blocked at certain locations by the slum dwellers residing on the other side of the compound wall.
- e. Total length of compound wall 2.15 km and four cross drains in existence at site having size of
  - i. C1 0.45 X 0.6 m
  - ii. C2 0.45 X 0.6 m
  - iii. C3 1.2 m X 0.6 m
  - iv. C4 1.7 m X 0.6 m

After the site visit, the Committee had a discussion in the Conference Hall of P/North ward office where the site staff had arranged powerpoint presentation of the incident and then handed over the documents / photographs, as desired by the Committee.

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The Committee then instructed MCGM to carry out the following:-

- a) To extract the concrete cores from the existing compound wall to understand the quality of concrete of compound wall.
- b) To carry out Drone survey to ascertain the catchment details and contour map of the area.

Further the Committee decided to visit the site again, if required.

The second site visit was held on 18.7.2019 when the core extracting team was also present at site. Prof.G.B.Chaudhari explained about the precautionary measures to be taken while extracting the cores. Then the Committee finalised the locations for extracting the cores and it was decided to extract total 16 number of cores of 100 mm dia. and 6 number of cores of 150 mm dia. These cores were extracted from the existing compound wall on either side of the collapsed stretches. The photographs were taken during extraction of cores and attached at page 53-61.

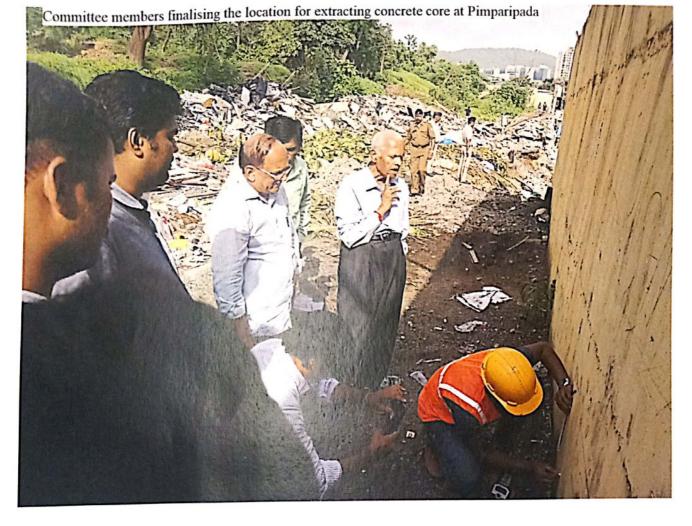
The third site visit was arranged on 22.7.2019. As desired by the Committee members, the site staff had exposed the wall

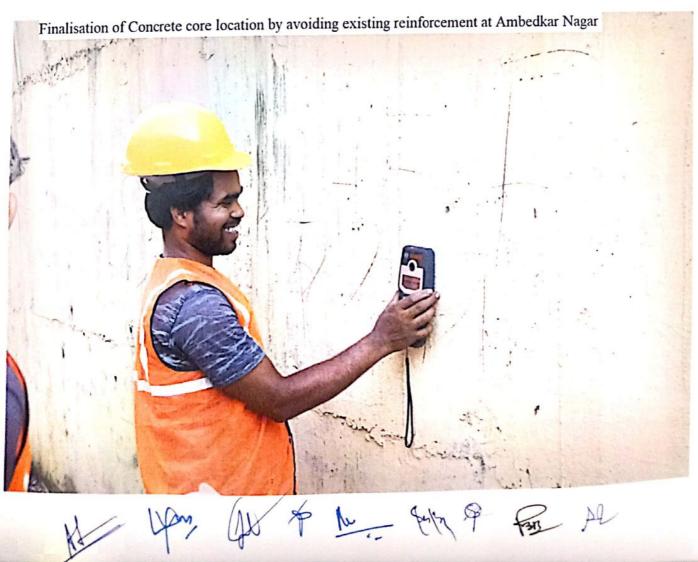
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foundation at both the locations and it was observed that there was no scouring beneath the foundation. Then the Committee members witnessed all the cores properly stacked in the MCGM office at Malad Hill Reservoir. Prof. G.B.Chaudhari then suggested to send these cores to IIT Bombay for testing and further informed that he would like to be present during the testing of these cores.

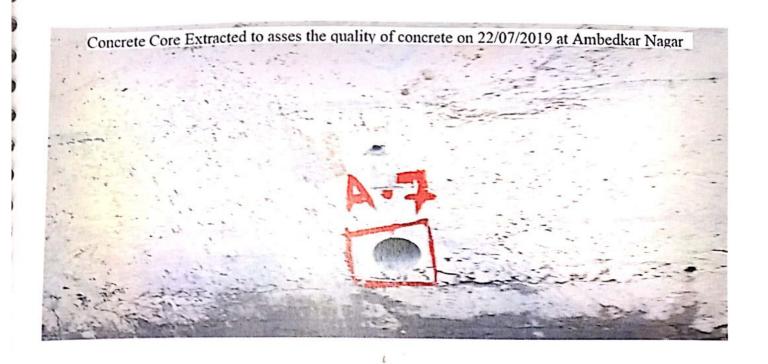
Some of the relevant photographs are attached at page 63-67.

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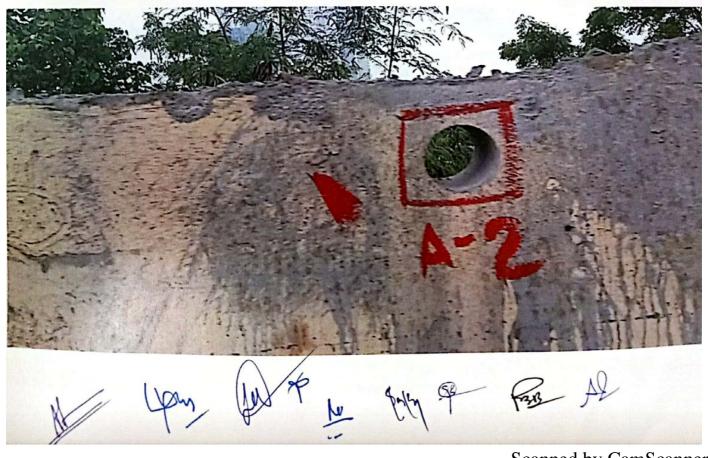




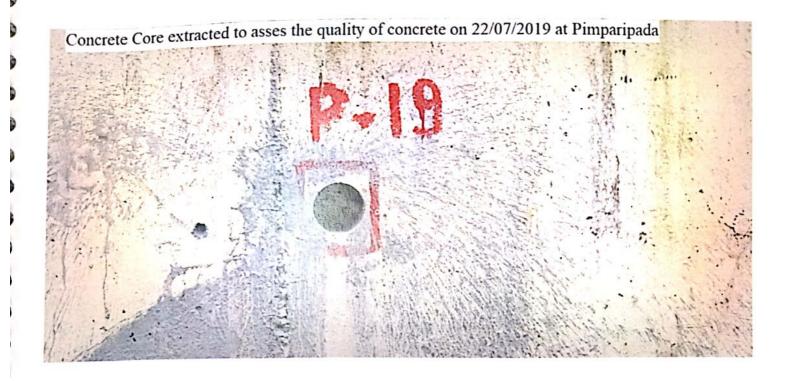


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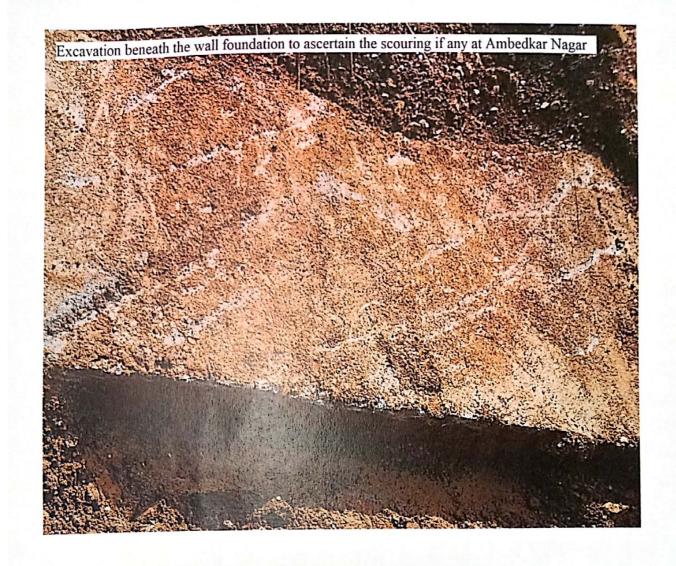


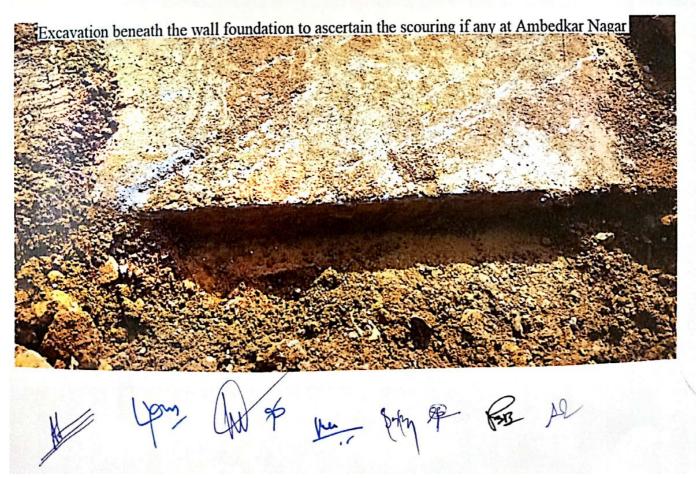
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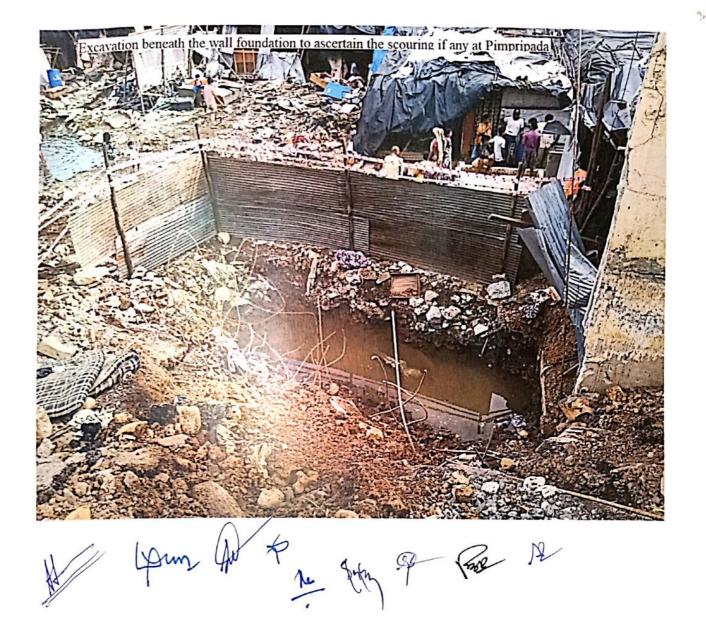




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## 5. DRONE SURVEY

As desired by the Technical Investigation Committee, MCGM appointed the consultant M/s.Pednekar and Associates to carry out the drone survey of the premises to ascertain the various parameters such as total catchment area, contour levels of the plot and quantity of water accumulated at these two locations just before the collapse of the wall.

Accordingly, the consultant had carried out the drone survey and submitted various data as regards to the total area of the plot, catchment area, ground levels and probable quantity of water accumulated behind the wall just before the wall collapse.

During the meeting held on 26.7.2019, the Consultant M/s.Pednekar & Associates explained the details arrived from the drone survey. Shri Bambale instructed the consultant to submit the details of water accumulated in the plot with respect to the intensity of rainfall. Accordingly, M/s. Pednekar & Associates submitted the details to the Committee.

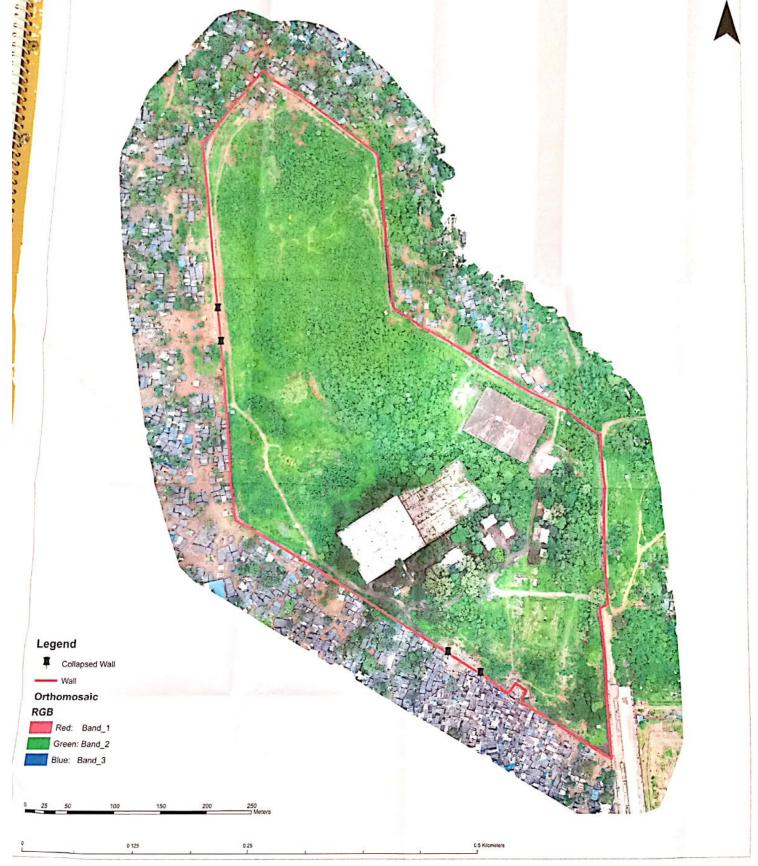
The layout plan and contour map of the plot are attached as at page 71-73 respectively.

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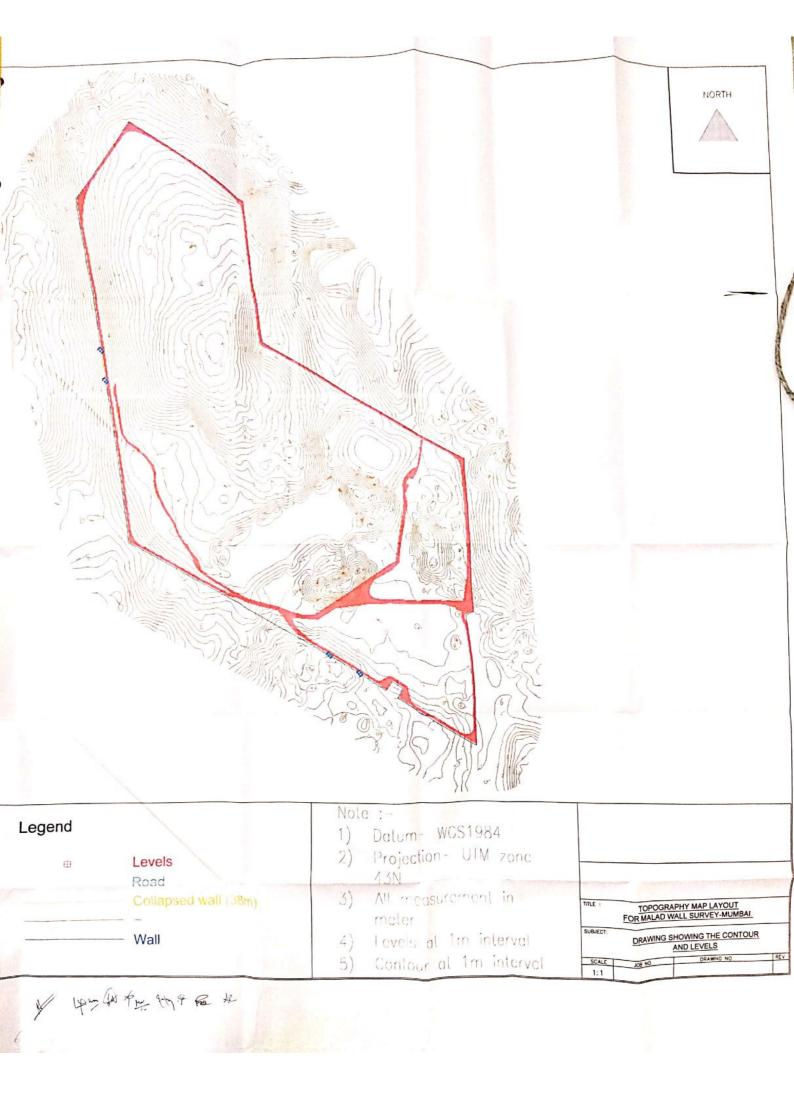
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Orthomosaic of the site representing Wall (thick red line) and fallen wall ( black pinned)

## Mumbai Malad Wall Analysis

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# 6. REVIEW OF THE DESIGN OF THE CONSULTANT M/S.H.M.RAJE

As per tender condition, the contractual agency M/s.Omkar Engineers and Contractors had appointed the consultant M/s. H.M.Raje, for the design of storm water drains, cross drains and R.C.C. compound wall. The design calculations as submitted by the consultant M/s.H.M. Raje, appointed by the contractor of the work, were reviewed by the committee. The committee has observed as under: -

#### 1) The Compound Wall:-

From the design calculations of the wall, it is observed that the wall is designed as retaining wall below the ground level and as compound wall above the ground level. It is observed that the retaining wall is designed considering the saturated soil condition only. However, it is necessary to consider the surcharge load and submerged condition of the soil i.e. water upto top of inspection track which was not taken into consideration. As per geotechnical design calculations, the wall is likely to fail against sliding under

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submerged condition i.e. the water level upto top of inspection track. However, the compound wall is structurally safe under the same condition. Further, it fails in flexure for water column upto 3.3 m height, i.e. water level upto top of compound wall. However, from the functional requirement, the wall is not expected to take the water pressure of 3.3m height above the inspection track i.e. upto top of compound wall.

## 2) Storm water Drains along the Inspection Track :-

The size /section of the SWD was worked out by the Consultant using rational method. The formula for calculating the discharge (Q) is

Q = 0.278 CIA, where

C = Coefficient of run-off

I = Intensity of rainfall in mm/hr.

A = Catchment area in sq.km.

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While designing, the consultant has considered the following values for different parameters:-

C = Coefficient of run-off = 1.00

I = Intensity of rainfall in mm/hr. =  $\frac{50 \text{ mm/hr}}{1000}$ ( it got converted to m/hr )

A = Catchment area in sq.km. A = 10 m x 3 m= 30 sq.m

( catchment area considered was in sq.m instead of sq.km )

From the calculations, it was observed that the values considered for different parameters like catchment area, intensity of rainfall were inappropriate. Also, the calculations had multiple arithmetical errors.

## 7. Key observations from the Data collected (Cores and Drone Survey)

#### **Drone Survey** A)

M/s.Pednekar & Associates has carried out the Drone Survey and given the details such as

- a) The contour map of entire plot.
- b) The plan showing the water streams as per the topography of the plot.
- c) The catchment area of these two locations, i.e.
  - i) Pimparipada

43199.80 sq.m.

ii)Ambedkar Nagar

8111.00 sq.m.

- d) The water accumulated at these two locations by considering the water upto top of compound wall
  - i. Pimparipada -194.62 Cu.m. covering 7271.06 sq.m. area.
  - Ambedkar Nagar -138.87Cu.m. covering ii. 4015.52 sq.m. area.

The above values are arrived at by adopting water shed analysis.

e) The plan showing the extent of area covered by the water at the time of spilling over the compound wall i.e. at a height of 3.3 m.

The details were discussed by the Committee and on enquiry regarding the hydrological details, the consultant

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informed that he is unable to furnish the hydrological details / data.

#### B) Concrete Cores

To assess the strength of concrete, 16 number of 100 mm dia and 6 number of 150 mm dia concrete cores were extracted from existing wall on either side of the collapsed stretches. These cores were sent to IIT Bombay for testing. The 100 mm dia cores were tested and all the 16 cores were found to have strength higher than the design strength of M25 Grade concrete. A copy of the report received from IIT Bombay is attached as at pg. 85-95. With regard to the 150 mm dia. cores, Prof. Dr. Salman, IIT Bombay (Lab incharge) has informed that due to unavailability of required machinery, 150 mm dia. cores could not be tested at IIT Bombay.

The Committee felt that since the test results of all the 16 number of 100 mm dia. cores were found higher than the design strength of M25 concrete used to construct the wall, the testing of 150 mm dia. concrete cores is not considered to be necessary.

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RE: Testing of concrete cores extracted from the wall at Malad Hill Reservoir.

From: Salman (msalman@civil.iitb.ac.in)

To: dmcsemcgm@yahoo.com

Cc: hod@civil.iitb.ac.in

Date: Wednesday, August 21, 2019, 05:17 PM GMT+5:30

Dear Sir

Please find the core test results attached for your review. We shall send you a signed copy upon your confirmation of the same.

Kind regards

Muhammad Salman

Assistant Professor

Department of Civil Engineering

Indian Institute of Technology Bombay

Powai, Mumbai - 400 076

Ph: (+91) 22 2576 9306

From: Dy.Municipal Commr. (Special Engineering) <dmcsemcgm@yahoo.com>

Sent: Monday, 19 August, 2019 14:57 To: Salman <msalman@civil.iitb.ac.in>

Cc: Head of the Department < hod@civil.iitb.ac.in>

Subject: Re: Testing of concrete cores extracted from the wall at Malad Hill Reservoir.

This has a reference to your e-mail dt.19.08.2019 wherein it is informed that the testing of 150 mm dia concrete cores is not possible.

In this regard this is to inform you that, the report of collapse of wall is to be finalised at the earliest as such it is requested to forward the test results of 100 mm dia concrete cores. It is further requested to handover the six number of 150 mm dia of cores to Shri. Kshirsagar, Executive Engineer from MCGM

Regards, No. 18 No. 18



#### Indian Institute of Technology Bombay Department of Civil Engineering

Powai, Mumbai - 400 076 (India) Phone: (+91-22) - 2576 9306 Fax: (+91-22) - 2572 3480, 2576 7302

Email: msalman@.iitb.ac.in

Date: 21/08/2019
Executive Engineer
Water Works (Civil) Maintenance
Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai
Hydraulic Engineering Department
1st Floor, Ghatkopar Water Works Yard
L. B. S. Marg, Ghatkopar (West)
Mumbai 400 086

Dear Sir

Please find enclosed the concrete core test results as provided by you. The cores were prepared as per IS 516. The testing was done in accordance with IS 456. The strains were obtained by using strain gauges (two 90 mm strain gauges pasted diagonally opposite on each core).

The criteria for acceptance of cores tests can be confirmed form IS 456:2000 clause 17.4.3.

Please feel free to contact in case of queries.

Kind regards

Muhammad Salman

Indian Institute of Technology Bombay
Department of Civil Engineering
Powai, Mumbai - 400 076 (India)
Phone: (+91-22) - 2576 9306
Fax: (+91-22) - 2572 3480, 2576 7302

Email: msalman@.iitb.ac.in

Table 1: Compressive strength of the cores

	MOE (MPa)	,	11/071	1408/.1	24006.1	200076	7.70007	29002.9	21/022	34693.7	28947.0	20545 4	4.040.4	51236.3	002176	20428.0	28091.4	17562.2	
	Eq. Cube Strength	22.0	0.00	49.8	191	+0.4	52.81	202	c.uc	49.0	50.1	20.1	49.7	111	1./+	44.6	262		
or and cores	Corrected Comp. Strength (MPa)		26.4	39.8		38.7	200	42.2	40.4	1.01	39.2	40.0	100	39.7	28.7	7.00	35.7		
	Comp. Strength (MPa)		26.4	39.8		38.7	00,	47.7	40.4	000	39.7	40.0	207	29.1	38.2	130	23.7	20.9	
	Load (kN)		182.6	2266	0.0/2	268.8	2000	7.767	282.2	1711	4.1.4	279.2	274 9	217.7	266.2		252.3		
	Correction Factor		_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	- ,	_	-	- ,	1	
	SSD Density (kg/m³)	2312	7167	2475	2010	7480	2485	2017	2437	2480	0017	2470	2490	0070	2438	2438	77.00	2311	
	H/D	200	70.7	2.02	2000	2.03	2.03	200	2.01	2.04	200	7.03	2.04	200	7.07	2.00		7.07	
	Height (mm)	189		190	101	171	191	180	107	191	101	171	191	101	171	190	100	190	
	Diameter (mm)	94	3	94	94		94	76		94	70		94	70	7.4	95	0	74	
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Dr. Muhammad Salman Assistant Professor

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> 278.9 278.3 267.4

2478 2479 2466 2444 2478

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4 8 8 8

192 189 190

2.00

2.01

28194.6

Average

Standard deviation

7737.8

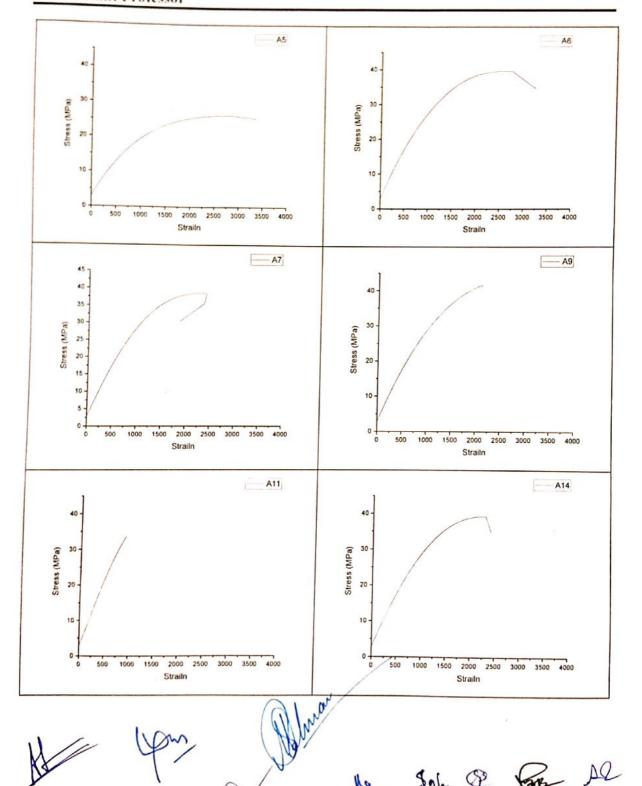
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Email: msalman@.iitb.ac.in

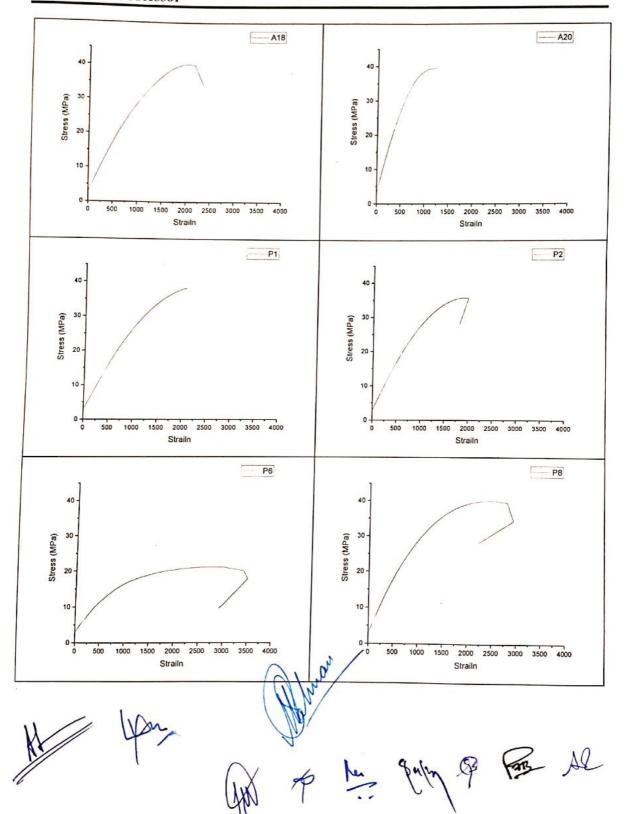




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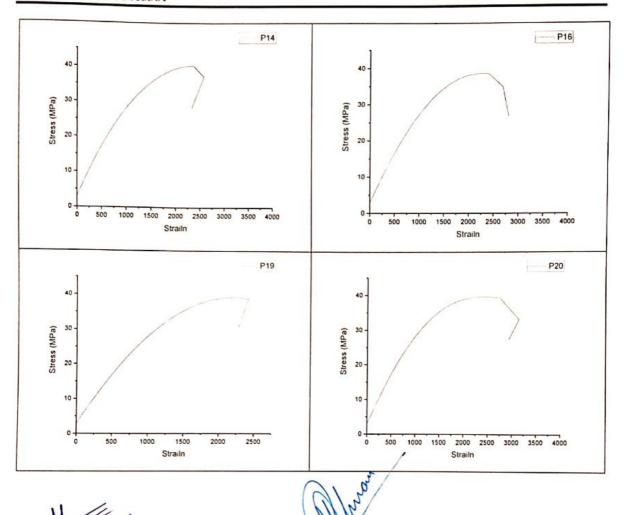




#### Indian Institute of Technology Bombay Department of Civil Engineering

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## **8. SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS**

Based on the above said information, observations and study, the following conclusions are drawn:-

- 1. Due to continuous rainfall since 26.7.2019 and further heavy downpour of 479.56 mm in 24 hours i.e. from 8.00 a.m. on 1.7.2019 to 8.00 a.m. on 2.7.2019, the water level rose upto and above the height of compound wall (3.3 m) at these two locations resulting into the sudden collapse of the compound wall, as the said compound wall was not functionally expected to withstand such water pressure.
- 2. The intensity of rainfall recorded was 67.82 mm between 23.00 hrs. to 24.00 hrs. on 01.07.2019 and 63.26 mm between 00.00 hrs to 01.00 hrs on 02.07.2019. The intensity of rainfall considered by the consultant for the design of storm water drains was 50 mm/hr as per the then policy prevailing in MCGM.

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- 3. The existing side drains were inadequate to drain out the water from the continuous and heavy rainfall that had occurred during the above mentioned period. Additionally, the localised landslide caused partial blockage of drains worsening the situation further.
- 4. In the design calculations of SWD furnished by the Consultant, it is observed that inappropriate units and values for various parameters such as catchment area, intensity of rainfall were considered. Also, some arithmetical errors in calculations are observed.
- 5. From the design calculations of the wall, it is observed that it is designed as retaining wall below the ground level without considering the surcharge load and submerged condition of the soil upto the top of inspection track.
- 6. The concrete cores were tested at IIT Bombay and the results (concrete strength) are found satisfactory which indicate that the quality of concrete meets the required design strength of M25 Grade concrete used for the construction of compound wall.

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7. The provided weep holes were found blocked at certain locations by the slum dwellers residing on the downstream of the compound wall.

Considering the above facts, the Committee is of the opinion that there are multiple causes / reasons as mentioned above for the collapse of the wall.

PROF. G.B.CHAUDHARI RETD VJTI

SHRI P.R.K.MURTHY
DIRECTOR METRO, MMRDA

PROF. DR. DASAKA S.MURTY IIT BOMBAY

PROF. DR. JAYADIPTA GHOSH IIT BOMBAY

Tayodipla Ghul 29/08/2019.

SHRI R.B.BAMBALE, EX.D.M.C.(S.E.), MCGM

SHRI PRÁVIN KIDE ENGINEER IN CHIEF, MMRDA

PROF. DR. ARGHADEEP LASKAR IIT BOMBAY

SHRI S.M.BARAT EX.DY.H.E.(CONST.) MCGM

> (A.S.Tawadia ) D.M.C.(S.E. ) &

The Chairman of Committee

- At Malad Hill Reservoir site, on the upstream side of the storm water drain, the slope should be properly stabilized to avoid any localised landslide.
- 2. The topography of the plots / properties owned by the MCGM shall be ascertained by the concerned department and if required, slope stabilization shall be carried out to avoid any mishap.
- 3. The MCGM empanelled Consultant appointed for any work shall be solely responsible for all the design parameters / design aspects and calculations submitted by him/her to the Engineer-in-charge of the work. Further, a condition to that effect shall be incorporated in the respective tender documents. Also, for critical structures and structures on hilly area, the design submitted by the consultant shall be vetted by any prestigious educational institute, such as VJTI, SPCE or IIT Bombay.

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- 4. It is recommended to have a proper Storm Water Drainage system beyond the reservoir plot to be connected to the nearest nalla for proper discharge of surface water.
- Proper inspection and periodical maintenance preferably before monsoon and after monsoon shall be carried out by the concerned department.

PROF. G.B.CHAUDHARI RETD VJTI

SHRI R.B.BAMBALE EX.D.M.C.(S.E.), MCGM

SHRI PRAVIN KIDE

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Tayadipla Ghh 29/03/2019 PROF. DR. JAYADIPTA GHOSH IIT BOMBAY

SHRI S.M.BAPAT, EX.DY.H.E.(CONST.) MCGM

(A.S.Tawadia)

D.M.C.(S.E.) &

The Chairman of Committee

### **10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Technical Investigation Committee is grateful to Hon.Municipal Commissioner of MCGM for entrusting this assignment.

The Committee visited the site on three occasions to gather the first hand information and deliberated for about two months on the various issues and aspects before it could give final shape to this report.

The Committee acknowledges the assistance rendered by the staff of Maintenance Section of Hydraulic Engineer.

This Committee appreciates the co-operation extended by the authorities of IIT Bombay for core testing.

We also appreciate the co-operation extended by M/s.Pednekar and Associates for carrying out Drone survey.

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The Committee wishes to place on record the assistance given by Sr.Inspector of Police, Kurar village Police Station and Security department of MCGM at Malad Hill Reservoir.

(A.S.Tawadia)

D.M.C.(S.E.)

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The Chairman of Committee

My OM, & My May 19

## MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF GREATER MUMBAI

2354 Job No.DMC/SE/ August, 2019

Sub.: Report of Technical Investigation Committee regarding the collapse of Compound wall at Malad Hill Reservoir.

On 2<sup>nd</sup> July, 2019, early in the morning, the part portion of compound wall was collapsed at two locations i.e. Pimparipada and Ambedkar Nagar at Malad Hill Reservoir. Dy.H.E.(Maint.) had submitted occurrence report to D.M.C.(S.E.)/ Hon.A.M.C.(P)/ Hon.M.C. on 3<sup>rd</sup> July, 2019.

By the directions of Hon.M.C., a Technical Investigation Committee comprising of experts from IIT Bombay, VJTI, MMRDA and retired MCGM Engineers under the Chairmanship of D.M.C.(S.E.) was constituted. The Committee visited the site on several times and conducted number of meetings to find out the causes of collapse of compound wall. On going through all the Technical details such as drone survey, testing of concrete cores extracted from the existing concrete compound wall, the existing storm water drain network at the site, the Committee has prepared a Technical Investigation Report and the same is submitted herewith for Hon.A.M.C.(P)/ Hon.M.C.'s perusal please.

Submitted please.

(A.S.Tawadia)

D.M.C.(S.E.)

The Chairman of Committee

(Shri Pravin Darade)

Hon.A.M.C.(P) siv

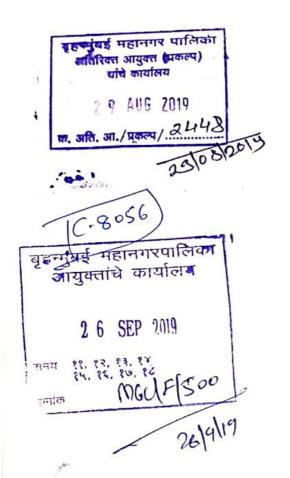
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Hon.M.C. (sir

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Date - 07/10/2019
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The deals circular is submitted because in a separate file for perusal and approval please-cide no. DMc/sc/3036/01 19.10.2019.

DMC(SE)

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